AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1.-6. (Canceled)

7. (New) A molded article other than a film comprising a resin composition, which resin composition comprises:

a polyethylene resin (A) in an amount of 100 parts by weight; and

a long-chain branched ethylene/α-olefin random copolymer (B) comprising ethylene and an α-olefin having 3 to 20 carbon atoms in an amount of 50 to 5000 parts by weight,

wherein the polyethylene resin (A) has:

(a) a melt flow rate (MFR, ASTM D 1238, 190°C, a load of 2.16 kg) of 7 to 50 g/10 min; and

(b) a density of 0.901 to less than 0.930 g/cm^3, and wherein the ethylene/α-olefin random copolymer (B) has:

(a) a density of not more than 0.900 g/cm^3;

(b) an intrinsic viscosity (η), as measured in decalin at 135°C, of 0.3 to 3.0 dl/g;

(c) a glass transition temperature (Tg) of not more than -50°C;

(d) a crystallinity, as measured by X-ray diffractometry, of less than 40%;

(e) a molecular weight distribution (Mw/Mn), as measured by GPC, of not more than 3.0;

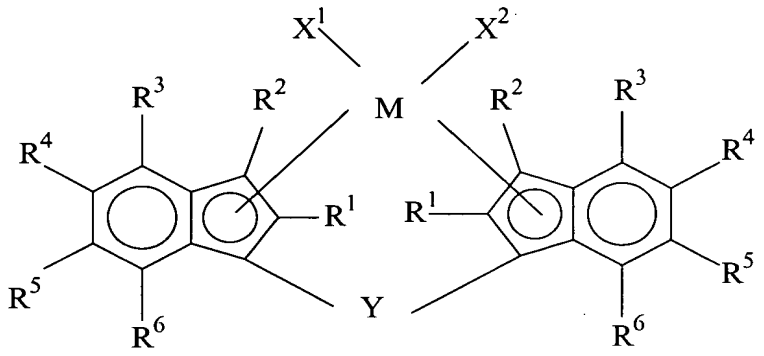
(f) a B value, as determined by ^{13}C-NMR spectrum and the following equation, of 1.0 to 1.4; and

(g) a ratio g η^* of the intrinsic viscosity (η) determined in the property (b) to the intrinsic viscosity $(\eta)_{blank}$ of a linear ethylene-propylene copolymer having the same weight-average molecular weight (measured by a light scattering method) as the copolymer rubber (B) and having an ethylene content of 70% by mol, $(\eta)/(\eta)_{blank}$, of 0.2 to 0.95,

$$\text{B value} = (P_{OE}) / (2 \cdot (P_E) \cdot (P_O))$$

wherein (P_E) and (P_O) are respectively a molar fraction of the units derived from ethylene and a molar fraction of the units derived from the α-olefin in the copolymer rubber (B), and (P_{OE}) is a proportion of the number of the α-olefin/ethylene sequences to the number of all the dyad sequences.

8. (New) The molded article as claimed in claim 7, wherein the ethylene/α-olefin random copolymer is a ethylene/α-olefin random copolymer obtainable by randomly copolymerizing ethylene and an α-olefin having 3 to 20 carbon atoms in the presence of a metallocene catalyst comprising a metallocene compound of formula (I):



(I)

wherein M is a transition metal of Group IVB of the periodic table,

R^1 is a hydrocarbon group having 1 to 6 carbon atoms;

R^2, R^4, R^5 and R^6 may be identical with or different from each other and are each hydrogen or a halogen atom, or a hydrocarbon group of 1 to 6 carbon atoms,

R^3 is an aryl group of 6 to 16 carbon atoms which may be substituted with a halogen atom, a hydrocarbon group of 1 to 20 carbon atoms or an organic silyl group,

X^1 and X^2 are each independently hydrogen or a halogen atom, or a hydrocarbon group of 1 to 20 carbon atoms, a halogenated hydrocarbon group of 1 to 20 carbon atoms, an oxygen-containing group or a sulfur-containing group, and

Y is a divalent hydrocarbon group of 1 to 20 carbon atoms, a divalent halogenated hydrocarbon group of 1 to 20 carbon atoms, a divalent silicon-containing group, a divalent germanium-containing group, a divalent tin-containing group, -O-, -CO-, -S-, -SO-, $-SO_2-$, $-NR^7-$, $-P(R^7)-$, $-P(O)(R^7)-$, $-BR^7-$ or $-AlR^7-$,

wherein R^7 is hydrogen or a halogen atom, or a hydrocarbon group of 1 to 20 carbon atoms or a halogenated hydrocarbon group of 1 to 20 carbon atoms.

9. (New) A process for preparing a molded article according to claim 1 which comprises randomly copolymerizing ethylene and an α-olefin having 3 to 20 carbon atoms in the presence of a catalyst comprising a metallocene compound of formula (I) and molding the resin composition.

10. (New) A process for preparing a molded article according to claim 7 which comprises melt kneading the polyethylene resin (A) and the ethylene/α-olefin random copolymer (B) and molding the resin composition.